

**Evaluation tools for conducting attestation
in the discipline "Children's dentistry"
for students of the year 2021 admission
by educational program
31.05.03 Dentistry,
profile Dentistry
(specialty)
form of study full-time
for the 2025-2026 academic year**

4.1. Evaluation tools for conducting current certification in the discipline

Current certification includes the following types of tasks: testing, solving situational problems, evaluating the development of practical skills, and interviewing control questions.

4.1.1. Examples of test tasks.

Verifiable indicators of competence achievement: CC-1.2.1, CC-1.2.2, CC-1.2.3, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-1.1.1, PC-1.1.2, PC-1.1.3, PC-1.1.4, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3

001. At what age is it more appropriate to prescribe therapeutic gymnastics?

- 1) preschool children
- 2) children 7-12 years old
- 3) older children
- 4) adults

002. What does the hardware method of treatment allow?

- 1) correct dental anomalies
- 2) exercise your muscles
- 3) fix the cause of the anomaly

003. In what mode are static exercises performed?

- 1) in the isotonic mode
- 2) in isometric mode
- 3) with muscle contraction

004. In what case do functional devices work?

- 1) when the masticatory muscles contract
- 2) when relaxing the masticatory muscles
- 3) when the orthodontic screw is activated
- 4) when the spring is activated

005. What are the types of devices that are fixed to the lower dentition?

- 1) intraoral single-jaw
- 2) extraoral removable, single-jawed
- 3) intraoral non-removable, double-jawed

006. Choose the right treatment plan. Diagnosis: cross occlusion caused by unilateral narrowing of the lower dentition on the right.

- 1) extension of the upper dentition
 - 2) lengthening of the upper dentition
 - 3) unilateral extension of the lower dentition on the right
 - 4) lengthening of the lower dentition
 - 5) expansion of the upper and lower dentition rows
007. What is the purpose of Engle's "sliding arc"?
- 1) extension of the dentition
 - 2) lengthening of the dentition
 - 3) shortening of the dentition
 - 4) expansion and lengthening of the dentition
 - 5) expansion and shortening of the dentition
008. How much force must be created to rotate the tooth along the axis?
- 1) one
 - 2) two
 - 3) three
009. Which of the above factors can contribute to the formation of mesial occlusion due to the displacement of the lower jaw forward?
- 1) oral respiration
 - 2) sucking on the lower lip
 - 3) head thrown back during sleep
 - 4) uneven erasability of baby teeth
 - 5) hypofunction of the thyroid gland
010. Which of the listed bad habits can lead to protrusion of the upper and retrusion of the lower incisors?
- 1) putting your hand under your cheek while sleeping
 - 2) lowering the head to the chest during sleep
 - 3) sucking the upper lip
 - 4) sucking on the lower lip
 - 5) tongue sucking

4.1.2. Examples of situational tasks.

Verifiable indicators of competence achievement: CC-1.1.1, CC-1.2.1

1. The child is 4 years old. On examination, there is non-closing of the lips, tongue slipping between the teeth, tension of the chin muscle (thimble symptom), protrusion of the front teeth, a vertical gap between the teeth of 2 mm. Name the cause of this pathology. What preventive measures can be recommended to parents to prevent further development of malocclusion?
2. The child is 7 years old. On examination: oral constriction of the upper jaw,. According to my mother, the otorhinolaryngologist was not contacted. Please state the possible cause of this anomaly.

4.1.3. Examples of tasks for assessing the development of practical skills.

Verifiable indicators of competence achievement: UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-2.2.4, OPK-2.3.1, OPK-2.3.2, OPK-2.3.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-6.2.1, OPK-6.2.2, OPK-6.2.3, OPK-8.3.1, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.2.1, OPK-12.2.2, OPK-12.2.3, PC-1.2.1, PC-1.2.2, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3

1. Manufacturing of elements of orthodontic equipment.
2. Making an impression and casting a plaster model.
3. Analysis of the telorentgenogram (determination of the Wits number).

4.1.4. Examples of control questions for the interview.

Verifiable indicators of competence achievement: CC-1.2.1, CC-1.2.2, CC-1.2.3, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-1.1.1, PC-1.1.2, PC-1.1.3, PC-1.1.4, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3

1. Types of movement of teeth under the influence of orthodontic load.
2. Anthropometric calculation of jaw models.
3. Cephalometric research methods in orthodontics.

4.2. Evaluation tools for conducting an intermediate certification in the discipline.

Intermediate certification is conducted in the form of an exam.

Intermediate certification includes the following types of tasks: interview.

4.2.1. List of interview questions

#	Questions for intermediate certification	Verifiable indicators of achievement of competencies
1.	Examination of the jaws using gnatostat. Getting gnatostatic models. Diagnostic value.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK-2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-13.1.2, PC-1.1.1, PC-1.1.2, PC-1.1.3, PC-1.1.4, PC-1.2.1, PC-1.2.2, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3
2.	"Progenic" occlusion (mesial occlusion). Classification, etiology, clinic, forms, differential diagnosis.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-2.2.4, OPK-2.3.1, OPK-2.3.2, OPK-2.3.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-13.1.2, PC-1.1.1, PC-1.1.2, PC-1.1.3, PC-1.1.4,

		PC-1.2.1, PC-1.2.2, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3
3.	"Progenic" occlusion (mesial occlusion). Methods of treatment depending on the form of the anomaly and age. Prevention.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, oPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-13.1.2, PC-1.1.1, PC-1.1.2, PC-1.1.3, PC-1.1.4, PC-1.2.1, PC-1.2.2, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
4.	Diastema. Etiology, clinic, prevention, treatment methods.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-13.1.2, PC-1.1.1, PC-1.1.2, PC-1.1.3, PC-1.1.4, PC-1.2.1, PC-1.2.2, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
5.	Clinical and laboratory stages of manufacturing functional guide plate devices (Katca).	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
6.	Clinical and laboratory stages of manufacturing functional guide plate devices (Schwartz).	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
7.	"Cross" bite (occlusion). Classification, etiology, and clinic.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-

		12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
8.	"Cross" bite (occlusion). Methods of treatment of dental alveolar forms in different age periods. Prevention.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
9.	Telerentgenography. Method of obtaining images, Schwartz analysis.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
10.	Photostatic images. Method of obtaining. Analysis of snapshots. Diagnostic value.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
11.	Anomalies of the dentition shape. Etiology, clinic, and prevention. Methods of treatment.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1,

		PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
12.	"Open" bite (vertical incisor dysocclusion). Etiology, clinical forms.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
13.	"Open" bite (vertical incisor dysocclusion). Methods of treatment depending on the form and age. Prevention.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
14.	Clinical and laboratory stages of manufacturing mechanical devices (with a screw, with a Coffin spring, with various wire elements).	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
15.	Anthropometric methods for studying jaw models (Pon, Korghaus method).	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3

16.	Anthropometric methods for studying jaw models (Gerlach method).	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
17.	Anthropometric methods for the study of jaw models (Measurement of the apical basis by Snagina, the degree of narrowing of the apical basis).	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
18.	Changes in periodontal tissues under the influence of orthodontic equipment.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
19.	Prevention of anomalies and deformities of the maxillofacial region during the bite of baby teeth. Role and methods of myohymnastics.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
20.	Removable bite. Terms and order of eruption of permanent teeth. Methods of prevention of	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-

	deformities that occur during the period of tooth replacement.	1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
21.	Clinical and laboratory stages of making a Schwartz mouthguard. The mechanism of moving teeth along an inclined plane.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
22.	Clinical and laboratory stages of Bynin mouthguard manufacturing. The mechanism of moving teeth along an inclined plane.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
23.	Clinical and laboratory stages of manufacturing a Bruckle mouthguard. The mechanism of moving teeth along an inclined plane.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
24.	Anomalies in the position of individual teeth: clinic, prevention and treatment of all types of manifestations.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2,

		PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
25.	Principle of operation of the Andrezen-Goipl apparatuses. The concept of a "constructive" bite.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
26.	Biomechanics of orthodontic tooth movement. Historical view (Flourens, Wahlkhoff, Oppenheim, Kalvelis).	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
27.	Principle of operation of the Andrezen-Goipl apparatuses. The concept of a "constructive" bite.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
28.	Clinical and laboratory stages of manufacturing Frenkel devices (Itype I).	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3

29.	Clinical and laboratory stages of manufacturing Frenkel devices (II type II).	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
30.	Clinical and laboratory stages of manufacturing Frenkel devices (III type).	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
31.	Classification of dental anomalies (Engl, Kalvelis, Persin L. S.).	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
32.	Graphical methods for studying the dental arches and palate in different age periods. Diagnostic value.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
33.	Classification of orthodontic equipment and its characteristics.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-

		1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
34.	Bite of milk (temporary) teeth. Forming. Characteristic.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
35.	Functional insufficiency of the maxillofacial muscles as a factor in the development of anomalies. Methods of diagnosis and treatment.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
36.	Deformity of dentition and bite in case of premature loss of baby teeth. Features of prosthetics of defects of teeth and dentition rows during the period of bite of baby teeth.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
37.	Permanent bite. The Katz functional norm. Anatomical and physiological features of permanent teeth.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2,

		PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
38.	Deep incisor occlusion. Etiology, clinical forms, prevention. Methods of treatment depending on the form and age.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
39.	"Prognatic" bite (distal occlusion). Etiology, clinical forms, differential diagnosis.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
40.	"Prognatic" bite (distal occlusion). Methods of treatment depending on the form and age. Prevention.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
41.	The nature and magnitude of forces used in orthodontics. Methods of force dosing in orthodontic devices.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3

42.	Retention period. Retention devices.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
43.	Etiology, pathogenesis of anomalies of the maxillary system. Characteristics of morphological and functional disorders.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
44.	Features of orthodontic treatment in different age periods.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
45.	Complications that occur during orthodontic treatment.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
46.	Features of treatment of patients with fixed equipment-edgewise.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-

		1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
47.	Anomalies in the size of the jaws (macro- and micrognathia). Etiology, clinic, and treatment methods in different age periods. Diagnostic value of the TRG analysis.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK-2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
48.	" Bad " habits in children - as an etiological factor of anomalies of the maxillofacial region. Classification of bad habits by V. P. Okushko. Methods of prevention and treatment.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK-2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
49.	Prevention of anomalies and deformities of the maxillofacial region in childhood. Tasks of doctors of various profiles (dentist, otolaryngologist, endocrinologist) in prevention.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK-2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
50.	Organization of orthodontic care for children and adults. Organization of work of the orthodontic department. Accounting and reporting documentation.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK-2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2,

		PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
51.	Anatomical and physiological features of human teeth. Differences between baby teeth and permanent teeth.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
52.	Anomalies of individual teeth. Etiology, clinic, and treatment methods depending on the form and age.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
53.	Traumatic injuries of baby teeth. Clinic, pathogenesis, treatment methods.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
54.	Traumatic injuries of permanent teeth. Clinic, pathogenesis, treatment methods.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3

55.	Anomalies of individual teeth. Etiology, clinic, and treatment methods depending on the form and age.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
56.	Anatomical and physiological features of the newborn's oral cavity. Development of teeth in ontogenesis.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3
57.	Anomalies in the number of teeth. Hypo- and hyperodontics. Etiology, clinic, pathogenesis, treatment methods in different age periods.	UK-1.2.1, UK-1.2.2, UK-1.2.3, UK-1.3.1, UK-1.3.2, UK-2.2.1, UK-2.2.2, UK-2.2.3, UK_2.2.4, UK-2.2.5, UK-2.3.1, UK-2.3.2, UK-2.3.3, UK-11.3.1, UK-11.3.2, OPK-1.2.1, OPK-1.2.2, OPK-1.2.3, OPK-5.2.1, OPK-5.2.2, OPK-5.2.3, OPK-5.2.4, OPK-8.1.3, OPK-9.2.1, OPK-9.3.1, OPK-12.1.3, OPK-13.1.2, PC-2.1.1, PC-2.1.2, PC-2.1.3, PC-2.2.1, PC-2.2.2, PC-2.2.3, PC-2.3.1, PC-2.3.2, PC-2.3.3, PC-4.2.1, PC-4.2.2, PC-4.2.3, PC-4.3.1, PC-4.3.2, PC-4.3.3, PC-5.1.2, PC-5.1.3, PC-5.2.1, PC-5.2.2, PC-5.2.3 PC-8.1.1, PC-8.1.2, PC-8.1.3, PC-8.2.1, PC-8.2.2, PC-8.2.3

Reviewed at the meeting of the Department of Pediatric Dentistry" 02 " June 2025, Protocol No. 16

Head of the Department



I. V. Fomenko

Example of an exam ticket

Federal State Budgetary Educational Institution of Higher Education "Volgograd State Medical University"
Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation

Department: Children's Dentistry

Discipline: Orthodontics and children's prosthetics

Specialty in the specialty 31.05.03 Dentistry, orientation (profile) Dentistry

Academic year: 20__-20__

Exam ticket # 30

Exam questions:

1. Bite of milk (temporary teeth). Forming. Characteristic.
2. Retention period. Retention devices.
3. Analysis of the telorentgenogram (mark the main angles ANS, BNS, and ANB).

Head of the Department



I. V. Fomenko

MP